

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

BYRON SMITH,

Plaintiff,

- against -

NEVERSINK MEDIA GROUP LLC

Defendant.

Docket No. 1:18-cv-4292

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

COMPLAINT

Plaintiff Byron Smith (“Smith” or “Plaintiff”) by and through his undersigned counsel, as and for his Complaint against Defendant Neversink Media Group LLC (“Neversink” or “Defendant”) hereby alleges as follows:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. This is an action for copyright infringement under Section 501 of the Copyright Act and for the removal and/or alteration of copyright management information under Section 1202(b) of the Digital Millennium Copyright Act. This action arises out of Defendant’s unauthorized reproduction and public display of a copyrighted photograph of John Browne, owned and registered by Smith, a New York based professional photographer. Accordingly, Smith seeks monetary relief under the Copyright Act of the United States, as amended, 17 U.S.C. § 101 *et seq.*

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

2. This claim arises under the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 101 *et seq.*, and this Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).

3. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant because Defendant resides in and/or transacts business in New York.

4. Venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b).

PARTIES

5. Smith is a professional photographer in the business of licensing his photographs to online and print media for a fee having a usual place of business at 151 Kent Avenue, Loft 113, Brooklyn, New York 11249.

6. Upon information and belief, Neversink is a domestic limited liability company duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York, with a place of business at 516 East 3rd Street, Brooklyn, New York 11218. Upon information and belief, Neversink is registered with the New York Department of State, Division of Corporations to do business in the State of New York. At all times material, hereto, Neversink has owned and operated a website at the URL: www.KingsCountyPolitics.com (the “Website”).

STATEMENT OF FACTS

A. Background and Plaintiff’s Ownership of the Photograph

7. Smith photographed John Browne (the “Photograph”). A true and correct copy of the Photograph is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

8. Smith then licensed the Photograph to the New York Daily News. On June 24, 2016, the New York Daily News ran an article that featured the Photograph on its web edition entitled *Man who randomly slashed bus driver in face gets four-year prison sentence*. See <http://www.nydailynews.com/new-york/nyc-crime/man-randomly-slashed-bus-driver-face-years-article-1.2686428>. Smith’s name was featured in a gutter credit identifying him as the

photographer of the Photograph. A true and correct copy of the Photograph in the article is attached hereto as Exhibit B.

9. Smith is the author of the Photograph and has at all times been the sole owner of all right, title and interest in and to the Photograph, including the copyright thereto.

10. The Photograph was registered with the United States Copyright Office and was given registration number VA 2-023-609.

B. Defendant's Infringing Activities

11. On July 19, 2018, Neversink ran an article on the Website entitled *Op-Ed: Justice Served on Vicious Attack of Bus Operator*. See <https://www.kingscountypolitics.com/op-ed-justice-served-vicious-attack-bus-operator/#>. The article prominently featured the Photograph. A true and correct copy of the article and a screen shot of the article is attached hereto as Exhibit C.

12. Neversink did not license the Photograph from Plaintiff for its article, nor did Neversink have Plaintiff's permission or consent to publish the Photograph on its Website.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF
(COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT AGAINST NEVERSINK)
(17 U.S.C. §§ 106, 501)

13. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained in Paragraphs 1-12 above.

14. Neversink infringed Plaintiff's copyright in the Photograph by reproducing and publicly displaying the Photograph on the Website. Neversink is not, and has never been, licensed or otherwise authorized to reproduce, publically display, distribute and/or use the Photograph.

15. The acts of Defendant complained of herein constitute infringement of Plaintiff's copyright and exclusive rights under copyright in violation of Sections 106 and 501 of the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. §§ 106 and 501.

16. Upon information and belief, the foregoing acts of infringement by Neversink have been willful, intentional, and purposeful, in disregard of and indifference to Plaintiff's rights.

17. As a direct and proximate cause of the infringement by the Defendant of Plaintiff's copyright and exclusive rights under copyright, Plaintiff is entitled to damages and Defendant's profits pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504(b) for the infringement.

18. Alternatively, Plaintiff is entitled to statutory damages up to \$150,000 per work infringed for Defendant's willful infringement of the Photograph, pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504(c).

19. Plaintiff further is entitled to his attorney's fees and full costs pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF
INTEGRITY OF COPYRIGHT MANAGEMENT INFORMATION AGAINST
NEVERSINK
(17 U.S.C. § 1202)

20. Plaintiff incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained in Paragraphs 1-19 above.

21. Upon information and believe, Neversink copied the photograph from the New York Daily News where there was a gutter credit underneath the Photograph stating "Byron Smith" which is considered contained copyright management information under 17 U.S.C. § 1202(b).

22. Upon information and belief, in its article on the Website, Neversink intentionally and knowingly removed copyright management information identifying Plaintiff as the photographer of the Photograph.

23. The conduct of Neversink violates 17 U.S.C. § 1202(b).

24. Upon information and belief, Neversink falsification, removal and/or alteration of the aforementioned copyright management information was made without the knowledge or consent of Plaintiff.

25. Upon information and belief, the falsification, alteration and/or removal of said copyright management information was made by Neversink intentionally, knowingly and with the intent to induce, enable, facilitate, or conceal their infringement of Plaintiff's copyrights in the Photograph. Neversink also knew, or should have known, that such falsification, alteration and/or removal of said copyright management information would induce, enable, facilitate, or conceal their infringement of Plaintiff's copyrights in the Photograph.

26. As a result of the wrongful conduct of Neversink as alleged herein, Plaintiff is entitled to recover from Neversink the damages, that he sustained and will sustain, and any gains, profits and advantages obtained by Neversink because of their violations of 17 U.S.C. § 1202, including attorney's fees and costs.

27. Alternatively, Plaintiff may elect to recover from Neversink statutory damages pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 1203(c) (3) in a sum of at least \$2,500 up to \$25,000 for each violation of 17 U.S.C. § 1202.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests judgment as follows:

1. That Defendant Neversink be adjudged to have infringed upon Plaintiff's copyrights in the Photograph in violation of 17 U.S.C §§ 106 and 501;
2. The Defendant Neversink be adjudged to have falsified, removed and/or altered copyright management information in violation of 17 U.S.C. § 1202.
3. Plaintiff be awarded either: a) Plaintiff's actual damages and Defendant's profits, gains or advantages of any kind attributable to Defendant's infringement of Plaintiff's Photograph; or b) alternatively, statutory damages of up to \$150,000 per copyrighted work infringed pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504;
4. That, with regard to the Second Claim for Relief, Plaintiff be awarded either:
a) Plaintiff's actual damages and Defendant's profits, gains or advantages of any kind attributable to Defendant's falsification, removal and/or alteration of copyright management information; or b) alternatively, statutory damages of at least \$2,500 and up to \$ 25,000 for each instance of false copyright management information and/or removal or alteration of copyright management information committed by Defendant pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 1203(c);
5. That Defendant be required to account for all profits, income, receipts, or other benefits derived by Defendant as a result of its unlawful conduct;
6. That Plaintiff be awarded his costs, expenses and attorneys' fees pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505;
7. That Plaintiff be awarded pre-judgment interest; and
8. Such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable in accordance with Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 38(b).

Dated: Valley Stream, New York
July 29, 2018

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